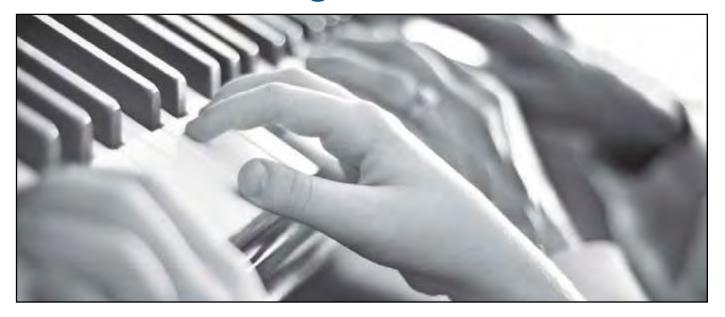


AUGUST 2014 VOLUME 8 ISSUE 8

Tadah! Can you believe this?



Your local Austin Music Teachers Association was just nominated the best in the country!

By Nell Trimble, Benevolence Chair for A.D.M.T.A.

The Music Teachers National Association just awarded your local association as being the 2014 State Affiliate of the Year or the best in our country! Why? Because of "programming for students" which includes 20 events and "community outreach" such as Youth Music Ambassadors which means the most opportunities for your child!

Also, our Dr. Martha Hilley right here in Austin at the University of Texas, was selected as the Teacher of the Year for Music Teachers National Association. We here in Austin nominated her for that award and then she was selected as that first at the state level and then nationally! Dr. Hilley's teaching sparkles with a fountain of electrically inspiring ideas. She also is a writer and deeply involved on a statewide level with the governing of our colleges. Her picture and caption supporting

President Powers was on page 2 of the 7/13 Sunday Austin American Statesman.

In addition Dr. Sophia Gilmsom was just awarded silver in the Global Music Awards for her CD of the Goldberg Variations On Harpsichord and Piano by Johann Sebastian Bach. Dr. Gilmsom is the head of Piano Pedagogy at the university here. Perhaps the most outstanding concert I have ever been to was her performance of that work both on the piano and harpsichord. How totally different was the music on the two instruments!

To find a piano teacher in your area, go to www.admta.org, click on the link to "Community Resources" on the home page for our new "Find a Teacher" registry with descriptions of each teacher's program in their studios.

Copyright © 2014 Peel, Inc. Canyon Chronicle - August 2014

IMPORTANT NUMBERS

EMERGENCY NUMBERS
EMERGENCY 911
Fire
Ambulance
Sheriff – Non-Emergency
riudson bend fire and ENIS
SCHOOLS
Canyon Creek Elementary512-428-2800
Grisham Middle School512-428-2650
Westwood High School512-464-4000
UTILITIES 512 210 2602
Pedernales Electric 512-219-2602
Texas Gas Service
Custom Service1-800-700-2443
Emergencies
Call Before You Dig
AT&T
New Service1-800-464-7928
Repair1-800-246-8464
Billing1-800-858-7928
Time Warner Cable
Customer Service512-485-5555
Repairs512-485-5080
OTHER NUMBERS
Balcones Postal Office512-331-9802

ADVERTISING INFO

NEWSLETTER PUBLISHER

Please support the businesses that advertise in the Canyon Chronicle. Their advertising dollars make it possible for all Canyon Creek residents to receive the monthly newsletter at no charge. If you would like to support the newsletter by advertising, please contact our sales office at 512-263-9181 or advertising@peelinc.com. The advertising deadline is the 9th of each month for the following month's newsletter.

DON'T WANT TO WAIT FOR THE MAIL?

View the current issue of *The Canyon Chronicle* on the 1st day of each month at **www.peelinc.com**







How's your "brisketiquette?"

With the summer vacation in full swing, the kids out of school, and noodles floating in the pool, it's no doubt the grill is staying fired up. But...before you kick off the flip-flops, here are a few barbecue etiquette tips to ensure your grill fest goes down as the best on the block. Wait. Barbecue etiquette, you say? Yes, it exists.

- 1. If you're invited to a barbecue party thrown by an individual/family, avoid showing up empty-handed. A side of coleslaw, apple pie, or pitcher of lemonade will do the trick.
- 2. A barbecue is an informal affair no need to worry about which fork and knife to use. Go ahead and use your fingers in lieu of utensils. Larger pieces of food, however, should be cut with a knife and fork. No need to get medieval on us.
- 3. If you're like many people who wonder what is the proper way to squeeze a lemon slice and a lemon wedge? Well, here is the answer: if it is a slice, don't squeeze it-just drop it in the glass. If it is a wedge, cup your hand over it to prevent squirting, and squeeze it into the glass. Who likes lemon pulp in the eye? Not me.
- 4. Corn on the cob vs. man. For most people, eating corn on the cob is one of life's biggest challenges. Okay, well, maybe it's just a challenge. The best way to approach a hot cob: simply, butter a few rows of corn at a time, hold the corn firmly by the ends with two hands (or use corn skewers), and eat a few rows at a time from left to right. If you prefer to skip the bite-off-the-cob approach, you may also cut kernels off of the cob with a knife, cutting in a vertical, downward manner.
- 5. Similar to corn on the cob, ribs are meant to be eaten with your hands. Given their messy nature, however, it's important to have napkins on hand. For this barbecue favorite, bibs are not necessary.
 - 6. Sauce is boss, unless it isn't offered. While Texans are usually

proud of their barbecue sauce, some barbecue purists prefer no sauce to appreciate the natural, smoked flavor of the meat. Ask for sauce only when you know it's available, or if your child requests it.

- 7. Grilled shrimp can be easy to eat or take a little work, depending on how it is served. As a general rule of thumb, if the shrimp has the tail on, you can use your fingers. Tails off, use a fork!
- 8. When hosting a large group, be sure to have a wide variety of food options for vegetarians and children.
- 9. To pick or not to pick? Your teeth that is. Often times, meat can be tricky to eat and require some dental maintenance. At every expense, avoid removing food from your teeth in public. Toothpicks may be used, but only in private. So what should you do if you notice someone else in the same predicament? Be discreet, but do tell.
- 10. Last and not least, respect the griller's domain. If the host/griller has samples to offer, he/she will do so. Never assume you may help yourself to try what "smells good."

Now that the fundamentals are covered, what's for lunch?

This article was contributed by the National League of Junior Cotillions – Travis County, a contemporary etiquette, social skills and dance training program that serves 6th, 7th and 8th grade students in Austin. A parent informational session will be held at Barton Creek Country Club on Wednesday, August 13th at 7:30 p.m., and at the Lakeway Resort & Spa on Thursday, August 14th at 7:30 p.m. To RSVP for the informational session or learn more about the program, contact Directors, Marisol Foster or Courtney Duncan at 512.369.8302, or duncan.foster@nljc.com. Class enrollment is limited, but registration is now available online at www.nljc-austin.com.

Join in

Enjoy these upcoming events and become a part of the CTX community this year.



11400 Concordia University Dr. Austin, TX 78726 • 512-313-3000

Welcome Party

A commuinty-wide event

- Free Food
- Give Aways
- Live Music

Tornado Athletics

Come cheer on the Tornados as they take on the Saints of Our Lady of the Lake Univ.

Music Events

Join us for upcoming music events on campus starting:

8-26-14 • 4-7pm

concordia.edu/weekofwelcome

9-06-14 • 11am athletics.concordia.edu

Sept. 2014 concordia.edu/music

Discover all of the latest Concordia University Texas events at: concordia.edu

A FOCUS ON HEAT EMERGENCIES

HEALTHY TIPS TO STAY COOL IN EXTREMELY HOT WEATHER

By Concentra Urgent Care

Heat emergencies fall into three categories of increasing severity:

Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, and Heatstroke.

Heat illnesses are easily preventable by taking precautions in hot weather. Children, elderly, and obese people have a higher risk of developing heat illness. People taking certain medications or drinking alcohol also have a higher risk. However, even a top athlete in superb condition can succumb to heat illness if he or she ignores the warning signs.

If the problem isn't addressed, heat cramps (caused by loss of salt from heavy sweating) can lead to heat exhaustion (caused by dehydration), which can progress to heatstroke. Heatstroke, the most serious of the three, can cause shock, brain damage, organ failure, and even death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS:

Heat Cramps

- Sweating
- Pain in arms, legs, and abdomen

Heat Exhaustion

- Moist, pale skin
- Fatigue and fainting
- Dizziness and lightheadedness
- Headache and confusion
- Nausea and vomiting
- Rapid pulse and breathing

Heat Stroke

- No sweating
- Dry, hot, red skin
- Confusion and loss of consciousness
- Rapid pulse
- Temperature over 103° F
- Seizures

CAUSES:

The following are common causes of heat emergencies:

- High temperatures or humidity
- Dehydration
- Prolonged or excessive exercise
- Excess clothing
- Alcohol use
- Medications, such as diuretics, neuroleptics, phenothiazines, and anticholinergics
 - Cardiovascular disease

What to do in heat emergencies...

FIRST AID

- 1. Have the person lie down in a cool place. Elevate the person's feet about 12 inches.
- 2. Apply cool, wet cloths (or cool water directly) to the person's skin and use a fan to lower body temperature. Place cold compresses on the person's neck, groin, and armpits.
- 3. If the person is alert, give cool water or sports beverages. It's advisable to drink slowly and steadily, particularly if they are experiencing nausea.
- 4. For muscle cramps, give beverages as above, and massage and stretch affected muscles gently, but firmly, until they relax.
- 5. If the person shows signs of shock (bluish lips and fingernails, and decreased alertness), starts having seizures, or loses consciousness, call 911 and continue cooling procedures, as described above.

DO NOT:

- DO NOT underestimate the seriousness of heat illness, especially if the person is a child, elderly, or injured.
 - DO NOT give the person

medications that are used to treat fever (such as aspirin or acetaminophen). They will not help, and they may be harmful.

- DO NOT give the person salt tablets.
- DO NOT give the person liquids that contain alcohol or caffeine. They will interfere with the body's ability to control its internal temperature.
- DO NOT use alcohol rubs on the person's skin.
- DO NOT give the person anything by mouth (not even salted drinks) if the person is vomiting or unconscious.

PREVENTION:

- Wear loose-fitting, lightweight clothing in hot weather.
- Rest regularly in a cool area; seek shade when possible.
- Avoid strenuous physical activity in hot or humid conditions.
- Drink plenty of fluids every day. Drink more fluids before, during, and after physical activity.
- Be especially careful to avoid overheating if you are taking drugs that impair heat regulation, or if you are overweight or elderly.
- Be careful of hot cars in the summer. Allow the car to cool off before getting in.
 - Avoid heavy meals and hot foods.

For more information on how to cope with the heat, ask your Concentra health professional, or visit the CDC's Web site at: www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/

References

Auerbach PS. Wilderness Medicine. 4th ed. St. Louis, Mo: Mosby; 2001:240-316.

DeLee JC, Drez Jr. Ď, Miller MD, eds. DeLee and Drez's Orthopaedic

Sports Medicine. 2nd ed. Philadelphia, Pa: Saunders; 2003:763.



Bringing adult sports and social events to the NW Austin Area!



FLAG FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT: BATTLE AT BAGDAD

When:

August 23rd-24th

Where:

Robin Bledsoe Park, Leander

What:

8 vs 8 3 Game Guarantee, Round Robin, Top 6 Teams go to Single Elimination Playoff

Early Bird Regstration Fee: \$280 Registration Fee: \$300 Early Bird Registration Deadline: August 11th Registration Deadline: August 20th

Upcoming Events

Dodgeball Extravaganza - Sept
Co-Rec Kickball Tournament - Sept
Softball Tournament: TBA
and more...

Register for our events at www.austinplaymakers.com or by calling us at 512-269-6033







TENNIS TIPS

By USPTA/PTR Master Professional Fernando Velasco











The Modern Game: The Backhand Approach Shot

In previous newsletters, I offered tips on how to execute the basic strokes for players who are just beginning to play tennis or who want to resume playing. I am now offering suggestions on how to play the "modern" game mostly geared towards players who are happy with hitting the ball over the net and controlling the point with consistency. These players may be already playing for leagues or in tournaments and are looking for more "weapons" on the court.

In this issue, I will offer instructions on how to execute the Top Backhand Approach Shot. This shot is used when an opponent hits a soft shot that has bounced high over the net. The player will take advantage and will charge to the net, thus hitting with top spin high over the net and hit with power. When the ball hits the court, it will take a big hop, forcing the opponent to fall back close to the fence, or to hit the ball on the rise. This shot can be used as a "winner" or as an "approach shot."

In the illustrations, Kaylen Combs, one of the top players of the Grey Rock Tennis Academy, shows the proper technique to execute this stroke. Kaylen is coached by the Director of the Tennis Academy, Darin Pleasant, who is showing her the proper point of contact on step 2. Kaylen plays with her left hand.

Step 1: The Back Swing: When Kaylen sees the opportunity, she makes a quick turn of her upper body and takes the racket high and back. The head of the racket is now at shoulder height, her shoulders are turned, the right hand gripping the racket and her left

hand relaxed. Her weight is on the front foot as her momentum carries her forward to attack the ball. Her right wrist is "laid back" to allow maximum point of contact.

Step 2: The Point of Contact: The success of a top spin shot is keeping the ball on the strings going from low to high in a 30 degree angle and accelerating the racket head around the outside of the ball. Kaylyn started the swing high and "looped" it to allow the head of the racket to drop down. She will be brushing around the outside of the ball as she makes contact with it. Her left shoulder is almost opening and her weight has is moving through the shot.

Step 3: The Follow Through: In order to get maximum control and power, Kaylen is keeping her right arm extended through the shot. She has "snapped" her right wrist and has the head of the racket facing down. Her weight is going forward.

Step 4: The Finish: Kaylen's upper body acceleration forced the head of the racket to "wrap around" her left ear, thus creating the most power and topspin on the ball. Her legs are already in position to move forward the net for a volley. Her right foot should naturally move forward due to her momentum and racket speed. From her looks, she apparently hit a very wide cross court approach shot for a defensive return.

Step 5: The Volley Winner: Once Kaylen hit, she moved to the net for a "winner". By the smile on her face, her backhand approach shot was successful and she won the point with a backhand volley.

Look in the next Newsletter for: "The Modern Game: The Swinging Forehand Approach Shot"

Canyon Chronicle - August 2014 Copyright © 2014 Peel, Inc.



APHIDS

Aphids feed on a wide variety of plants in Texas. They have high reproductive capabilities so their populations can grow to large numbers quickly.

Aphids are small, soft-bodied insects that come in a variety of colors. Some have wings while others may not, but all have cornicles, or "tailpipes" that come off the tip of the abdomen.

Aphids have piercing-sucking mouthparts which they use to pierce plant tissue and suck out the juices. Damage often appears as yellowing or curling of foliage. Aphids also secrete a sweet, sticky substance called honeydew. Honeydew often appears on the plant as a shiny spots or sometimes the honeydew may have sooty mold growing on it. Sooty mold is a black fungus that can block sunlight from reaching the

plant leading to a decrease of photosynthesis.

Some ideas for managing aphids are as follows:

- Encourage natural enemies such as ladybugs, lacewing larvae & syrphid fly larvae; know what these creatures look like so you don't kill them
- Use high pressure water sprays to dislodge aphids from the plant
- Less toxic pesticides include active ingredients such as insecticidal soap, azadirachtin (neem), horticultural oils or d-limonene
- Other pesticides to manage aphids may include active ingredients such as permethrin, acephate (non-food items only), carbaryl or imidacloprid

For more information or help with identification, contact Wizzie Brown, Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Program Specialist at 512.854.9600. The information given herein is for educational purposes only. Reference to commercial products or trade names is made with the understanding that no discrimination is intended and no endorsement by Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service or the Texas A&M AgriLife Research is implied. Extension programs serve people of all ages regardless of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, genetic information or veteran status.

We can help you get the most out of your health insurance.

Trusted care.

KRISTIN C. BELL, M.D. INTERNAL MEDICINE

Cedar Park Physician Associates is pleased to announce a convenient new office location in Northwest Austin for internal medicine physician Kristin C. Bell, M.D. Dr. Bell specializes in caring for patients from adolescence through senior adulthood. She is accepting new patients and accepts most insurance, including Medicare. Ask about services your plan may cover at no cost to you. Same-day appointments may be available. Call 512-219-0670 to schedule an appointment.





11521 FM 620, Bldg. C, Suite 800 • Austin, TX 78726 512-219-0670 • CedarParkPhysicians.com

Member of the Medical Staff at Cedar Park Regional Medical Center

Boat Ramp Etiquette

Don't be "that guy" this summer

By Dave West - Austin Wakesurf

With summer now officially here, our beloved lakes are filled with watercrafts of all shapes and sizes buzzing around towing enthusiastic tubers, intensity-high skiers, dedicated fisherman and exercise hungry paddle-boarders. However as the number of people using our aquatic playgrounds increase, so does the risk of accidents among the busy boat ramps and lakefront docks.

If you're planning on using these areas during the busy summer season, here are a few pointers to remember when launching and retrieving your boat:

- 1. Avoid unnecessary delays and blocking the boat ramp when launching your boat by completing as much of the preparation (loading of your gear) in the staging area as possible. Make sure your tie down straps are removed, battery is on, and that all your required safety gear, as well as ski's, tubes, coolers and towels are already in the boat.
- 2. If there is a dock at the ramp, ask your passengers to meet you there while you and another experienced person launch the boat without any unnecessary distractions
- 3. Use at least two experienced people to launch and retrieve the boat —one to drive the towing vehicle and one to operate the vessel). It is also a great idea to have all your dock lines and bumpers already in place prior to launching.
- 4. Launch your boat slowly and safely ensure the area immediately behind the boat is clear of other boats, personal watercraft and people.
- 5. As you approach the dock to pick up your passengers, have a dock line ready to hand off to someone on the dock and instruct everyone to wait until you tell them it is safe to board the boat.
- 6. At the end of you boating adventure, drop all your passengers off at the dock first and wait away from the dock while an experienced person retrieves your vehicle and trailer. It's often

best to leave all you equipment in the boat until you reach the staging area where you can safely unload safely.

- 7. When retrieving, do not pull your boat into a launch lane until the towing vehicle is at the ramp. The line is formed by vehicles with trailers, not by vessels in the water.
- 8. Have the driver of the vehicle tow the boat to a staging area where you can meet your passengers and begin unloading and wiping down. Always double-check your tie downs prior to driving away from the boat ramp area.

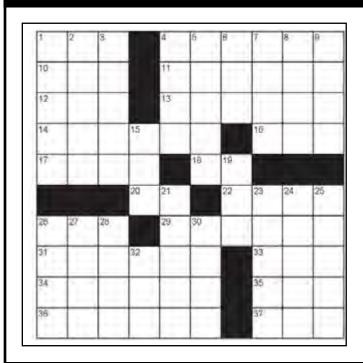


Also:

- Never block a ramp with an unattended vessel or vehicle.
- Alcohol and boating don't mix.
- Always wear a US Coast Guard Approved (USCGA) life jacket when conducting any type of watersport.
- Do not power load your boat: Propeller wash can erode the sediment just beyond the ramp surface, creating a large hole. The eroded sediment is deposited behind the propeller, creating a mound. Trailer tires can get stuck in these holes, and boats can run aground on the mound.

Canyon Chronicle - August 2014 Copyright © 2014 Peel, Inc.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE



ACROSS

- 1. Advertisements
- 4. Inhabits
- 10. Crow's cry
- 11. Gully
- 12. Rio de Janeiro
- 13. Sports car brand
- 14. List of errors
- 16. New Jersey's neighbor
- 17. In __ (together)
- 18. Kilogram
- 20. Post script
- 22. Too
- 26. Concord e.g.
- 29. Addictions
- 31. Computer game
- 33. Killed in action
- 34. Ancient (2 wds.)
- 35. Antlered animal
- 36. Mourning
- 37. Ocean

DOWN

- 1. Land
- 2. Milk's food group
- 3. Type of enemy
- 4. Loony
- 5. havoc
- 6. Make a mistake
- 7. Stow
- 8. Greek stringed instrument
- 9. Defile
- 15. American College of Physicians (abbr.)
- 19. Chitchat
- 21. Book holder
- 23. Enjoys
- 24. Steps for crossing a fence
- 25. City
- 26. Prod
- 27. Prudent
- 28. Plane
- 30. Nearly horizontal entrance
- 32. Poet Edgar Allen

View answers online at www.peelinc.com

© 2006. Feature Exchange





Introducing Dell Children's at Cedar Park Regional Medical Center. If your child needs hospital care, now there's a special place, just for kids, close to home. We've partnered with Dell Children's Medical Center of Central Texas to bring you the area's newest pediatric inpatient care with an eight-bed unit designed around kids' unique needs.

To learn more, visit CedarParkRegional.com/children.





SPECIALIZED CARE JUST FOR KIDS.



Canyon Chronicle - August 2014 Copyright © 2014 Peel, Inc.

CANYON CHRONICLE

NOT AVAILABLE ONLINE

The Canyon Chronicle is a private publication published by Peel, Inc. It is not sanctioned by any homeowners association or organization, nor is it subject to the approval of any homeowners association or organization, nor is it intended, nor implied to replace any publication that may be published by or on behalf of any homeowners association or organization. At no time will any source be allowed to use the Canyon Chronicle Newsletter contents, or loan said contents, to others in anyway, shape or form, nor in any media, website, print, film, e-mail, electrostatic copy, fax, or etc. for the purpose of solicitation, commercial use, or any use for profit, political campaigns, or other self amplification, under penalty of law without written or expressed permission from Peel, Inc. The information in the newsletter is exclusively for the private use of Peel, Inc.

DISCLAIMER: Articles and ads in this newsletter express the opinions of their authors and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of Peel, Inc. or its employees. Peel, Inc. is not responsible for the accuracy of any facts stated in articles submitted by others. The publisher also assumes no responsibility for the advertising content with this publication. All warranties and representations made in the advertising content are solely that of the advertiser and any such claims regarding its content should be taken up with the advertiser.

- * The publisher assumes no liability with regard to its advertisers for misprints or failure to place advertising in this publication except for the actual cost of such advertising. * Although every effort is taken to avoid mistakes and/or misprints, the publisher assumes no responsibility for any errors of information or typographical mistakes, except as limited to the cost of advertising as stated above or in the case of misinformation, a printed retraction/correction.
- * Under no circumstances shall the publisher be held liable for incidental or consequential damages, inconvenience, loss of business or services, or any other liabilities from failure to publish, or from failure to publish in a timely manner, except as limited to liabilities stated above.



Copyright © 2014 Peel, Inc. Canyon Chronicle - August 2014 1:



