

Volume 6, Issue 7 July 2016

Round Rock New Neighbors

AN ORGANIZATION OF WOMEN WELCOMING WOMEN FOR FUN AND FRIENDSHIP

Whether you are a newcomer or have lived here for years WE WELCOME YOU! We are of all ages!! Ideal for empty nesters or women who have left the work place and are looking to get back to a social life. We enjoy monthly luncheons with a speaker or program of interest.

During the summer we will have summer coffees the second Wednesday of July and August. These will be at member's homes in the morning. This is a time fellowship, no agenda. We have coffee and simple breakfast fair and meet each other. It is a great venue for women who want to see what RRNN is "all about" For dates and addresses contact Traci Clegg at 512-992-1069

We have many groups: Card and game groups, gardening, Wine Tasting, Foodies, Antiquing, Hiking, Movie, Photo, Potluck, Safari, Walking and Caring Hands. There is something for everyone. Many activities take place during the day and some activities include couples. Please visit our website at www.rrnewneighbors.org for more information and to see our newsletter. Or call Traci Clegg, Membership Chair at 512-992-1069 for information.

Pruning Dilemma Part II

Currently, the State of Texas does not require any licensing for tree contractors. There are many contractors such as electricians, plumbers, irrigators and pest control contractors (to name just a few) that need to pass exams, maintain continuing education units plus keep other important commercial contractor requisites such as current liability insurance and sales tax payments. This begs the question: "Why not for tree contractors"? This needs to change!

Until there is change, it is a voluntary practice in the tree industry. Those tree contractors that maintain education are certified by the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) and we are known as arborists. The arborists who are current with their credentials can be found on the ISA consumer website: www.treesaregood.com.

Unfortunately, the present day reality in the tree care industry is slow in its caring and earning the education. The majority of tree care services have little, or none, of the professional requisites noted above. Consequently, the Texas Forest Service sets out recommendations on concerning issues such as oak wilt.

With the tree contractors not following education and a significant amount of ranchers and homeowners often unfamiliar with the oak wilt, there are potential problems. Adding improper tools plus minimal manpower to prune oaks safely and correctly, those problems are compounded especially during the spring/summer months. The Texas Forest Service recommends a complete prohibition of pruning of oaks during spring for both the tree contractor and the arborist. Yet, spring is the best season for pruning trees, shrubs, etc.

The message delivered by the Texas Forest Service's spring "pruning ban" recommendation

is seriously flawed with this total prohibition in my professional opinion. The impression is that "no tree contractor or arborist" is capable of safely pruning oak trees during the best season for pruning.

Ironically, the Texas Forest Service maintains a website (www. texasoakwilt.org) where you, the consumer, can locate Texas Oak Wilt Certified arborists (the designation will change in a few years to Texas Oak Wilt Qualified). You can also find a listing of the most highly-qualified vendors, their locations and contact information.

It is my firm conviction that these highly-qualified individuals as well as many other arborists are fully capable of pruning oaks safely

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EMERGENCY NUMBERS

IMPORTANT NUMBERS

EMERGENCY NUMBERS	011
EMERGENCY	
Fire	
Ambulance	
Williamson Co. Sheriff's Dept	
Select option 1 twice to get	•
Round Rock Police (Non Emergency)	
Georgetown Police (Non Emergency)	
Travis County Animal Control	
Round Rock Animal Control	512-218-5500
Georgetown Animal Control	512-930-3592
SCHOOLS	
Round Rock ISD	512-464-5000
Teravista Elementary School	
Hopewell Middle School	
Stony Point High School	
Georgetown ISD	
Carver Elementary School	
Pickett Elementary School	
Tippit Middle School	
Georgetown High School	
Georgetown riigh School	
UTILITIES	
Atmos Energy	
TXU Energy	1-800-818-6132
AT&T	
New Service	
Repair	
Billing	1-800-858-7928
Time Warner Cable	
Customer Service	512-485-5555
Repairs	512-485-5080
OTHER NUMBERS	
City of Round Rock	512-218-5400
Round Rock Community Library	512-218-7000
Round Rock Parks and Recreation	
City of Georgetown	
Georgetown Public Library	
Georgetown Municipal Airport	
Georgetown Parks and Recreation	
Teravista Golf and Ranch House	
Teravista Residents Club	
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during the spring and summer months. Including this caveat to the pruning ban practices recommended by the TFS serves the tree, consumer, and the credentialed commercial arborist(s) best.

The following questions can be helpful to you, the consumer, as a means to further verify a particular arborist's oak wilt pruning practices. (1) How much paint is stocked on your trucks?

(2) Do you replenish your stock of paint to ensure more than one day's worth? (3) Does every climber carry paint when in an oak tree pruning? (4) Do you have a paint pole taller than your tallest pole saw? (5) Does sawdust from chainsaw cuts get wiped off the cut oak branch before paint application? (6) Do you paint all cuts before moving on to the next tree? (7) Does the ground man understand that his most important job function regarding oak tree pruning is painting the cuts made?

Questions or comments that this article or previous articles have generated, may be directed to me at: kevin@arborcareandconsulting.com





Plant of the Month: Sunflower

Info from Ladybird Johnson Wildflower Center, University of Texas at Austin

The Sunflower is one of the most common flowers in Texas. Varieties grow wild throughout the States. Some varieties grow up to 8'. They grow quickly, so are a good plant for children to try as one of their first gardening adventures. Point out to them that the flower heads follow the sun in a remarkable way, facing East in the morning and West at sunset. In fact the Spanish name for the Sunflower is Gyrosol, which means "follow the sun." The English scientific word for such turning is heliotropism. Remind them that the Sunflower is the State Flower of Kansas. The flower was used to obtain yellow, black, and blue dyes which were used by the American Indians for basket-making.

The Sunflower is drought-tolerant (once established), and the seeds may be planted as deep as 3 inches, though generally about an inch. Do plant them in the sun. Water sparingly, but water. In our soil, it is likely that they will become top heavy, so you may need to stake them. Birds and bees love them, and there is a certain strange spindly species of insect that you will probably find on the plants when they are mature.

Late April is the best time to plant, but July is not too late as long as you can keep the soil moist during the first few weeks of early life. Expect them to mature in about 90 days. It takes a very cold frost to kill them.



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Neighborhood Compassion Watch!

On April 14, 2016, the Austin City Council passed a resolution designating Austin as a Compassionate City. There are now over 350 compassionate communities globally and the number is growing. Compassionate Austin is recognized as a leader!

Let's start the "Neighborhood Compassion Watch"! Compassion exists in 3 key dimensions: caring for others, self, and the Earth. Discover and share your stories of "3D" compassion. Catch people in the act! Engage youth in a treasure hunt for compassion and help them tell about what they find. Send your stories to Compassionate Austin at compassionateaustin@gmail.com. Be sure to identify your neighborhood when you submit your story! We may be able to publish them in this newsletter or on the Compassionate Austin website or Facebook page. Also, we are looking for stories that we can highlight in Citizen Communications at Austin City Council meetings.

Breaking News! The Global Compassion Summit is coming up July 13-14th. It is part of the 5th annual Summer of Peace — the largest online peace event on the planet! Dr. Lesa Walker, Founder of the Compassionate Austin Movement, is one of the speakers on July 14. She will provide information about the Compassionate Austin movement and the importance of the daily practice of "3D" compassion! The Global Compassion Summit is a FREE online event. Google it to learn more and register. Sign up TODAY!! Here is the link: https://shiftnetwork.isrefer.com/go/sop16LW/lwalker/.

This year's theme for the Summit is Mindfulness and Compassion in Daily Life. Speakers are global leaders and experts in the field, sharing stories of how compassion and mindfulness are contributing to a more conscious, peaceful and sustainable world. You'll hear from teachers bringing mindfulness to at-risk youth, attorneys using mindfulness and compassion to shift our legal system, physicians putting "care" back into health care, and activists who are using compassion to anchor their communities together.

Research shows the personal and community benefits of strengthening our compassion skills. We grow stronger in what we practice! Let's join together to bring 3D compassion to life! We ALL are Compassionate Austin! Find out more at: www.compassionateaustin.org.

Emerald ash borer found in Texas

Emerald ash borer, often referred to as EAB, is an exotic pest from Asia. This beetle is a serious threat to ash trees. Emerald ash borer was accidentally introduced into the United States and was found in Michigan in 2002.

Four beetles were found in a trap located in NE Texas (Harrison County) in late April 2016. There are currently no confirmed cases of ash trees that are infested. The beetles will continue to be monitored throughout the state.

Larvae bore into trees under the bark and cut off the water and nutrient conducting vessels. Larvae are creamy white, legless with a flattened body. Larvae are 1- 1 ½ inches in length when fully developed.

As an adult, the beetle is elongated and cylindrical with the pronotum (a part of the thorax) extended back as a lobe towards the abdomen. Most notably, these beetles are bright, metallic green with reddish hues. Adults are about 1/2 inch in size. If the wings are removed or lifted, the upper side of the abdomen is bright copperyred which can help differentiate this beetle from closely related species in Texas.

In infested trees, canopy die back is often seen in the top one third of the canopy and then moves down until the tree is bare. Epicormic shoots (leafy shoots coming off the trunk of the tree) may also be seen. Vertical fissures may appear on the bark and galleries may be able to be seen through openings. If bark is peeled off, serpentine galleries packed with frass (excrement) may be seen. Adult beetles produce a d-shaped exit hole (1/8 inch diameter). Woodpeckers may cause damage to tees infested with EAB. Look for flaking bark and uneven holes caused by the woodpeckers feeding on larvae and pupae.

If EAB activity is confirmed for ash trees within an area, it is recommended that a systemic insecticide treatment is given to ash trees of high value. If more than 50% of an infested ash tree crown remains, then treatment with a systemic insecticide may slow the attack. If less than 50% of an infested ash tree crown remains, the tree should be removed.

For great information on emerald ash borer within Texas see the following site: https://tfsweb.tamu.edu/eab/

This information is to have you watch for this beetle on ash trees in your area. Only 4 beetles have been found currently and only in NE Texas. No trees have yet been confirmed to be infested.

For more information or help with identification, contact Wizzie Brown, Texas AgriLife Extension Service Program Specialist at 512.854.9600. Check out my blog at www.urban-ipm.blogspot.com

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NOBODY IS DROWNPROOF WATCH KIDS AROUND WATER



37 Texas children have already fatally drowned in 2016

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SOURCES FIRST



PRACTICE DRAIN SAFETY



BE SAFER IN OPEN WATER



LEARN CPR

BECOME a Water Guardian for your child

TAKE the Water Safety Quiz www.colinshope.org/quiz PREVENT drowning



LEARN more at www.colinshope.org

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Mature Watch ANT ANTICS

by Lynne & Jim Weber

The most infamous ant species in Texas is the imported red fire ant, but did you know that there are many native or adapted ant species in our area that compete with them? While any ant species can be considered a nuisance when locally abundant, with a little study of their characteristics and habits, these beneficial species may even help us humans in the war against imported fire ants.

Like all insects, ants have six jointed legs, three main body parts (head, thorax, and abdomen), a pair of antennae, and a hard exoskeleton that provides a protective casing around the body. The head contains jointed antennae and powerful mandibles or jaws, the thorax is where the legs attach, and the abdomen houses important internal organs including those of the respiratory, reproductive, and excretory systems.

Of the many species of native or adapted ants in Texas, some of the most interesting are the Big-headed Ant (Pheidole spp.), the Longhorn Crazy Ant (Paratrechina longicornis), and the Little Black Ant (Monomorium minimum). Reddish-brown in color, Big-headed Ants come in two sizes — soldiers or major workers about ½ inch in length, and minor workers about 1/8 of an inch in length. The major workers have big heads in proportion to the rest of their bodies. Because they usually nest in the soil either in open areas or under wood, rocks, landscape timbers, and patio pavers, they are often confused with imported fire ants. While they typically feed on dead or live insects, they also eat tiny seeds and honeydew produced by aphids and scale insects. Big-headed Ants are considered major predators of imported fire ant queens which can be present in large numbers following a fire ant swarm.

Adapted in Texas, Longhorn Crazy Ants are grayish-black ants 1/8 of an inch in length that are recognizable due to their extremely long legs and antennae. Colonies of these ants can often be found in soil under items such as logs, stones, and debris, and they generally feed

Bigheaded Ant (soldier or major worker)





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on the larvae of fleas and flies. Longhorn Crazy Ants get part of their common name from their behavior, which includes the habit of erratically running about with no apparent sense of direction. However, immediately following an imported fire ant swarm, they have been observed carrying away the imported fire ant queens.

Only 1/16 of an inch in length and overall black in color, Little Black Ants can be found feeding on honeydew, but they more typically scavenge dead insects and other arthropods during the heat of the day. Once these foraging workers find a suitable meal, they release a pheromone to recruit other nest mates to help them cut up larger items or cart away smaller ones. When these ants run across other ant species that may compete for a food source, they resort to 'gaster-flagging', a behavior in which they raise and vibrate their gasters, or the enlarged part of their abdomens, to release a poisonous gland secretion that chases away their rivals. Like the other ants described here, these little ants can pack a real punch and often invade imported fire ant colonies and take right over!







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