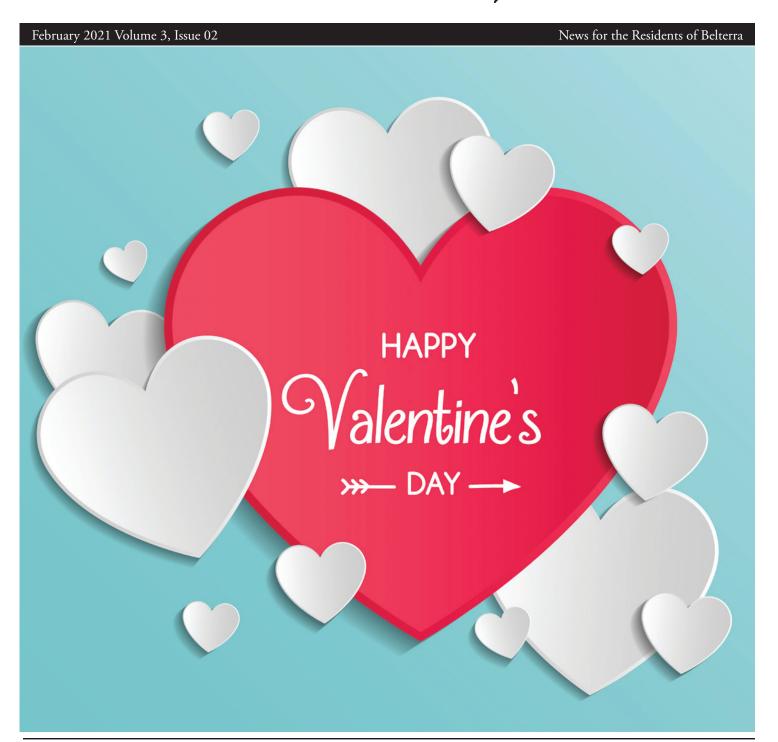
# THE BULLETINENS









LoewyFirm.com (512) 280-0800

## **LEMONY CHICKEN AND ORZO SOUP**

BY MARY-FRANCES HECK



#### PREP TIME 15 MINUTES

#### TOTAL TIME 45 MINUTES

This weeknight chicken soup goes Greek with orzo, lemon juice, and a handful of fresh dill.

#### Ingredients

#### **4 SERVINGS**

• 1 tablespoon olive oil

• 1 medium leek, white and pale-green parts only, halved lengthwise, sliced crosswise 1/2-inch thick

- 1 celery stalk, sliced crosswise 1/2-inch thick
- 12 ounces skinless, boneless chicken thighs

• 6 cups low-sodium chicken broth Kosher salt, freshly ground pepper

- 1/2 cup orzo
- 1/4 cup chopped fresh dill
- Lemon halves (for serving)

#### Preparation

#### Step 1

Heat oil in a large heavy pot over medium heat. Add leek and celery and cook, stirring often, until vegetables are soft, 5-8 minutes. Add chicken and broth; season with salt and pepper. Bring to a boil, cover, reduce heat, and simmer until chicken is cooked through, 15-20 minutes. Transfer chicken to a plate. Let cool, then shred chicken into bite-size pieces.

#### Step 2

Meanwhile, return broth to a boil. Add orzo and cook until al dente, 8-10 minutes.

#### Step 3

Remove pot from heat. Stir in chicken and dill. Serve with lemon halves for squeezing over.

## **IMPORTANT NUMBERS**

#### **EMERGENCY NUMBERS**

EMERGENCY	911
Ambulance / Fire	911

#### SCHOOLS

Dripping Springs ISD	512-858-3000
Dripping Springs Elementary	512-858-3700
Walnut Springs Elementary	512-858-3800
Rooster Springs Elementary	512-465-6200
Dripping Springs Middle School	512-858-3400
Dripping Springs High School	512-858-3100

#### UTILITIES

512-246-0498
512-246-0498
512-272-5503
512-858-5611
512-892-2794

Animal Contro	1	512-393-7896

#### **NEWSLETTER PUBLISHER**

Peel, Inc.	512-263-9181
Article Submissions	belterra@peelinc.com
Advertisingadvertising@peelinc.com	
	512-263-9181

#### PLEASE KEEP OUR NEIGHBORHOOD REALITIELL

## REMEMB PICK UP DURING

## A CULTURAL EXPERIENCE

Want to bring a little culture into your life and the lives of your children? Why not try hosting a high school foreign exchange student? It's a great way to learn about a new culture all from the comfort of your home.

STS Foundation is currently looking for host families for the 2021/2022 school year. Hosting is such a rewarding experience and it benefits all of those involved.

STS Foundation accepts all types of host families - from single parents, newly marrieds, empty nesters and same sex couples. In order to host, you would need to meet the following qualifications:

- •Host must be 25 years or older
- •Pass a background check
- •Provide food for 3 meals daily
- •Ensure reliable transportation to and from school (bus is ok)
- •A bed for your student
- •A safe and loving home

STS Foundation is a 501(c)(3) organization that places foreign exchange students with American host families. For more information about hosting, please contact me at 832-455-7881 PM me or email at vicki.stsfoundation@yahoo.com.



## NATURE WATCH

**EARLY SPRING HERALDS** 

by Jim and Lynne Weber

often ranging from the 30s to the 70s, and it is precisely these large swings in temperature that create challenges for local wildlife. Finding food is essential, and the little things like insects that emerge in early spring rely heavily on the early bloomers in our native landscape.

Elbowbush (Forestiera pubescens), also commonly called Stretchberry



Elbowbush

or Spring Herald, is a multibranched deciduous shrub with smooth gray bark, long arched branches, and light green leaves. It is most conspicuous, though, in late January and early February, when small, yellow-green, petal-less flowers begin to burst in small clusters on the bare twigs. Common in open woodlands, brushy areas, and near streams, its early flowering period provides

nectar for native bees and spring butterflies, namely Gray, Juniper, and Great Purple Hairstreaks. Elbowbush gets its common name from branches that typically form in right angles to one another, reminiscent of a bent elbow. It produces a quarter-inch, fleshy, dark half of the Hill Country, Golden Groundsel (Packera obovate) is blue fruit often devoured by wildlife in the summer, and its leaves turn a unique chartreuse color in the fall. Additionally, Elbowbush is one of the larval food plants for the Incense Cedar Sphinx (Sphinx oval leaves, topped with yellow flower clusters few to many-headed,

libocedrus).

Poking their colorful

blooms above the drab winter

landscape are two species

in the Buttercup Family,

Two-flowered Anemone

(Anemone edwardsiana)

and Windflower (Anemone

berlandieri). While both of

these plants bloom from

February to April, Two-

flowered Anemone is an

uncommon plant that is

Plateau Thimbleweed,

since it grows only in this region of Central Texas.

Windflower is common and

has a more widespread range,

Two-flowered Anemone

February is a time of change in Central Texas, with temperatures Anemone or Tenpetal Anemone (even though it can have 10 to 20 petal-like sepals).

> Two-flowered Anemone grows 6 to 12 inches tall, and is most often found on the moist banks of shaded canyons. Midway or further up the stem are three bracts, with side stems growing from those bracts, and each side stem can produce 1 to 3 flowers, with

only 1 flower on the main stem. In reality, most plants carry only 2 or 3 flowers in total, each 0.5 to 1.25 inches wide and typically white, but can exhibit pink, lavender, light blue, or deep blue. In comparison, Windflower grows 6 to 15 inches tall, with low-lying leaves that are divided into three segments and are often reddish-purple



Windflower

on the underside. Its single stem carries only 1 flower, 0.75 to 1.5 inches wide, and it can exhibit the same range of colors as the Twoflowered Anemone.

Found on the moist soils in shaded canyons in the southern a rosette-forming perennial that blooms from February to April. Slender flowering stems rise up to 18 inches above the basal rosette of

with each flower 0.5 to 0.75 inches wide. Once established, this plant colonizes quickly, and can create an early-blooming, evergreen ground cover in shady, woodland areas.

Why not plant some these early bloomers in your landscape, as they not only provide early nectar for bees and butterflies, but they are



Golden Groundsel

also welcoming heralds of our coming spring! also called the Edwards

Send your nature-related questions to naturewatch@austin.rr.com and we'll do our best to answer them. If you enjoy reading these articles, check out our books, Nature Watch Austin, Nature Watch Big Bend, and Native Host Plants for Texas Butterflies (all published by Texas A&M University Press), and our blog at naturewatchaustin. and is often called Southern blogspot.com.



EARN YOUR POT OF GOLD WHEN YOU ADVERTISE TO THOUSANDS OF POTENTIAL CLIENTS NEXT MONTH!

We are the end of the rainbow for your advertising needs.

512.263.9181 advertising@peelinc.com At no time will any source be allowed to use The Bulletin's contents, or loan said contents, to others in anyway, shape or form, nor in any media, website, print, film, e-mail, electrostatic copy, fax, or etc. for the purpose of solicitation, commercial use, or any use for profit, political campaigns, or other self amplification, under penalty of law without written or expressed permission from Peel, Inc. The information in The Bulletin is exclusively for the private use of the residents Peel, Inc.

DISCLAIMER: Articles and ads in this newsletter express the opinions of their authors and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of Peel, Inc. or its employees. Peel, Inc. is not responsible for the accuracy of any facts stated in articles submitted by others. The publisher also assumes no responsibility for the advertising content with this publication. All warranties and representations made in the advertising content are solely that of the advertiser and any such claims regarding its content should be taken up with the advertiser.

\* The publisher assumes no liability with regard to its advertisers for misprints or failure to place advertising in this publication except for the actual cost of such advertising.

\* Although every effort is taken to avoid mistakes and/or misprints, the publisher assumes no responsibility for any errors of information or typographical mistakes, except as limited to the cost of advertising as stated above or in the case of misinformation, a printed retraction/correction.

\* Under no circumstances shall the publisher be held liable for incidental or consequential damages, inconvenience, loss of business or services, or any other liabilities from failure to publish, or from failure to publish in a timely manner, except as limited to liabilities stated above.



### IT'S TIME TO CLEAN HOUSE

By Cheryl Conley, TWRC Wildlife Center

If you provide "rental property" for Purple Martins, then you know it's time to clean out your houses to get ready for their arrival.

The first Martins to arrive are referred to as the "Scouts" and they are the oldest birds. Older females arrive next followed by the younger birds. Martins will return to the same colony site where they resided the previous year. Once they arrive, nest-building will begin in 4 to 6 weeks. They use twigs, pine needles and straw. Once the nest is complete, they add a layer of green leaves. Ornithologists can only guess why they do this but think the leaves may act as an insecticide, may help keep the nest clean or help regulate the temperature and moisture levels. The female lays one egg per day for



a total of 2 to 8 eggs. In about 15 days, the eggs begin to hatch which can take 2 to 3 days. Babies are fed up to 60 times a day by both moms and dads.

It takes 2 years for Martins to acquire their full adult plumage. Purple Martins aren't really purple. Mature Martins are a glossy deep blue—almost black-looking. They feed mostly on flying insects and can eat thousands of mosquitoes in a day. They catch most of the insects in mid-air and even drink water from ponds, lakes and streams while flying.

If you've never had a Purple Martin house and you'd like to get one, there are some things you need to know. You've heard realtors talk about "location, location, location?" As a Purple Martin landlord, this holds true as well. They prefer large, open areas where the nearest building is a minimum of 30 feet away and from 25 to 60 feet away from trees. Make sure your house is secure and doesn't spin around when it's windy out. The birds can become disoriented.

You may be lucky and get renters your first year. Sometimes it takes a couple of years for them to discover your house. There are a couple of things you can do to increase your success. One website I checked suggested playing Purple Martin vocalizations near your Martin house very early in the morning. There are several recordings on YouTube. You can also place life-sized black decoys on your house. If you have a large house with several compartments, you can construct a fake nest in one of them. Don't forget to put green leaves on the top of the nest.

You should protect your Martin houses with predator guards. You can purchase owl and hawk guards. Predator baffles, or pole guards, will help keep snakes and raccoons from climbing the pole.

In late fall, you can take your Martin house down and put it back up when the Martins return in the spring. The other option is that you can leave it up but make sure you clean it well and block the entrances so other species of birds don't move in. Remove the blockages in spring when the Martins return.

TWRC Wildlife Center is gearing up for another busy year. Because of Covid-19 we've had to cut back on volunteers to work at our Center but we are in need of volunteers who would like to learn to rehabilitate wildlife in their homes. We train you and help you every step of the way. Rehabbing wildlife is the most rewarding thing you will ever do. www.twrcwildlifecenter.org. 713.468.TWRC



BT

## Southwest Austin's #1 Realtor

Ashley sold my home in hours, well above asking price. The next day we went out to find my next home, and she negotiated down the price of a new home I was interested in considerably, in just minutes. From the staging advice on my previous home, to coming with me to the final walk through of my new home, Ashley and her team made everything easy.

> -Theresa P. Zillow 5-Star Review

## SW AUSTIN'S + FLEXIBLE =



Don't base your home value off of an "estimate." Let me give you the most accurate analysis of your home.



**\$201,332!** That's how much more my listings are than the average home sold in SW Austin.



Customized staging and marketing plan specifically tailored for your home.



"Flexible commissions" on top of our expertise means more money goes into your pocket than with other Realtors!

Based on ABOR Data

I want to make sure you make the most out of 2021 with FLEXIBLE COMMISSIONS!

> It's that easy! The perfect opportunity to **make the most money** out of your Real Estate investment.

ASHLEY AUSTIN

Realtors! ASHLEY STUCKI BROKER, REALTOR, CHLMS, CIPS,CRS C 512.217.6103 I ashley@ashleyaustinhomes.com